



# Adoption of Robotics: The Perspective of Healthcare Systems

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# Disclosures

- I am a paid consultant to Medtronic, Boston Scientific, Abbott, Philips, Biosense Webster, Haemonetics, Shifamed, Siemens, Luma Vision
- I have equity in SoundCath, Encompass Vascular, Myra vision, Supira Medical, Tioga Cardiovascular, Akura Medical, Adona Medical, Laza Medical, DRS Vascular, S4 Medical, Beluga Medical, PhysCade



## *Why Electrophysiology Demands Innovation*



**~600K**

EP procedures/year in the US



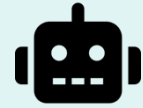
**3x**

Growth in EP ablation volume  
since 2000



**Elevated**

Fluoroscopy exposure per  
complex ablation



**>2x**

Complexity growth in last  
decade

Sustained EP volume growth combined with increasing case complexity, radiation burden, and physician ergonomic risk **create an imperative** for healthcare systems to evaluate robotic navigation solutions.

# HIGH-COMPLEXITY CASES: WHERE ROBOTICS EXCELS



## *Ventricular Tachycardia & Congenital Heart Disease — The Cases That Define a Program*

### VENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA

#### The Clinical Challenge

- ▶ Scar-based re-entry circuits in ischemic & non-ischemic CMP demand prolonged, stable catheter contact in regions of dense fibrosis
- ▶ Manual catheter torque causes tip instability exactly when precision matters most — during entrainment and pace-mapping
- ▶ Hemodynamic intolerance limits mapping time; every second of contact counts

#### Robotic Advantage

**Stable contact:** Magnetic hold in fibrotic scar, independent of respiration & cardiac motion

**Reduced ectopy:** Atraumatic navigation minimizes mechanically-induced PVCs during mapping

### CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE

#### The Clinical Challenge

- ▶ Repaired CHD creates complex, non-standard anatomy — baffles, patches, and conduits that defeat conventional catheter torque techniques
- ▶ Radiation exposure is disproportionately harmful in younger patients who will accumulate lifetime exposure from repeat procedures
- ▶ Arrhythmia circuits follow scar borders that are unpredictable without high-density, stable mapping

#### Robotic Advantage

**Anatomic access:** Navigate baffles & conduits magnetically where manual catheters cannot reach

**Radiation protection:** Near-zero operator dose — critical for high-volume pediatric/CHD centers



## *What the Evidence Shows*

**95%**

Reduction in  
operator radiation

**≈75%**

Reduction in  
fluoroscopy time

**Outstanding**

Acute success rates  
vs. manual ablation

### Safety Profile

Significantly lower perforation rates reported in magnetic navigation vs. manual ablation in multiple AF ablation series.

### VT Ablation

Improved catheter stability in scar-related VT; reduced mechanical ectopy during mapping in ischemic cardiomyopathy patients.

### Complex Cases

Magnetic navigation particularly advantageous in pediatric/congenital patients and cases with challenging vascular anatomy.

### Staff Safety

Near-elimination of operator radiation exposure addresses long-term occupational hazard — a growing concern for EP program retention.

# THE COMPLEX REFERRAL ADVANTAGE



*Becoming the Regional Destination for High-Acuity EP*

## COMMUNITY & REGIONAL HOSPITALS

Paroxysmal AF ablation

Typical atrial flutter

Standard SVT (AVNRT/AVRT)

Routine device implants

Straightforward device follow-up



COMPLEX CASES REFERRED UP



## YOUR ROBOTIC EP CENTER — Complex & Tertiary Referrals

Scar-related VT ablation

Failed prior ablations

CHD / Complex congenital

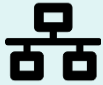
Pediatric arrhythmias

Epicardial access cases

# STRATEGIC VALUE TO HEALTH SYSTEMS



## *Six Pillars of Healthcare System Value*



### **Service Line Differentiation**

Positions the health system as the regional destination for high-complexity EP, attracting cases competitors cannot handle.



### **Revenue Capture**

Complex EP cases (VT ablation, redo AF) generate significantly higher RVU and reimbursement vs. routine cases.



### **Referral Network Expansion**

Robotic capability drives new cardiologist and EP referral relationships from a broader geographic catchment.



### **Physician Recruitment & Retention**

State-of-the-art technology is a key differentiator in recruiting top EP talent and protecting existing staff from radiation injury.



### **Quality & Safety Leadership**

Demonstrated radiation reduction and improved safety metrics support quality reporting, accreditation, and risk management.



### **Strategic Halo Effect**

Robotic EP signals system-wide innovation commitment, supporting broader cardiovascular program brand positioning.

# GOVERNANCE & DECISION FRAMEWORK FOR EP ROBOTICS

*How health system leaders evaluate and approve robotic EP programs*

1

## Strategic Fit

Does robotic EP align with cardiovascular service line strategy, academic mission, and regional market position?

2

## EP Volume Assessment

Current and projected AF/VT/complex ablation volumes; minimum 150–200 cases/yr to justify investment

3

## EP Financial Pro Forma

10-year NPV model: capital, disposables, LOS savings, radiation liability reduction, referral capture

4

## Vendor & Integration

Stereotaxis RFP; mapping system compatibility (CARTO/EnSite); suite design; service terms & upgrade clauses

5

## Launch & Govern

Privileging criteria; case selection protocols; radiation dose KPIs; quarterly EP quality committee review

EP Governance Pillars: Clinical Safety · Radiation Dosimetry · Procedure Volume · Physician Equity · Innovation Mission



## *Investment Framework for EP Robotic Programs*

### INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

- ▶ Capital cost: \$1.5–2.5M system acquisition (varies by configuration)
- ▶ Dedicated shielded EP lab renovation (if not existing)
- ▶ Catheter & disposable incremental cost vs. standard catheters
- ▶ Training & proctoring investment (typically 20–30 cases)
- ▶ Ongoing service contract and software updates
- ▶ Potential OR/lab time reallocation during installation phase

### REVENUE & VALUE DRIVERS

- ▶ VT ablation: \$15K–25K+ facility revenue per case
- ▶ Complex AF redo: premium reimbursement vs. index case
- ▶ New referral volume from expanded geographic draw area
- ▶ Reduced staff radiation injury liability & workers' comp exposure
- ▶ Physician recruitment ROI for top-quartile EP talent
- ▶ Case volume ramp typically 12–24 months to optimization

# BARRIERS & RISK MITIGATION IN EP ROBOTICS

*Challenges specific to cardiac electrophysiology program adoption*



## Financial Risk

- ⚠ High capital outlay; magnetic catheter add-on costs; low initial case volume during ramp-up compresses margins.
- ✓ Volume commitment agreements with EP physicians; phased investment starting with single platform; vendor volume guarantees.



## Catheter Compatibility Limits

- ⚠ Only dedicated magnetic catheters work.
- ✓ Hybrid case design — robotic ablation catheter + manual mapping catheter; monitor PFA-compatible development roadmap. Future innovation.



## Mapping System Compatibility

- ⚠ Stereotaxis integrates with CARTO and EnSite but not all platform versions; upgrades may break integrations.
- ✓ Contractual software compatibility clauses; joint validation testing with EP lab IT team before go-live.



## Physician Learning Curve

- ⚠ Robotic catheter handling differs significantly from manual technique; 10–20 case learning curve before efficiency recovers.
- ✓ Simulation training; structured proctorship; case selection protocols beginning with simpler arrhythmias.



## *Implementing a Robotic EP Program — What to Expect*



### Assessment

- Cath lab infrastructure review
- Volume & case mix analysis
- Staffing model evaluation

### Planning

- Capital budget approval
- Lab design & shielding
- Vendor negotiation

### Installation

- System commissioning
- Staff training program
- Workflow redesign

### Launch

- Proctored case ramp
- Quality metrics baseline
- Referral network activation

### Scale

- Volume optimization
- Program marketing
- Outcome publication



## *From Decision to Destination EP Program*

### Horizon 1 | Months 0–6

#### Foundation

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- Conduct EP program strategic assessment
- Engage Stereotaxis for site visit & demo
- Finalize capital budget submission
- Identify physician champion(s)
- Develop referral outreach plan

### Horizon 2 | Months 6–18

#### Launch & Ramp

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- Complete lab installation & go-live
- Train nursing, EP tech, and anesthesia staff
- Initiate proctored case series
- Launch regional cardiologist outreach
- Track quality & efficiency KPIs monthly

### Horizon 3 | Months 18–36

#### Scale & Lead

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- Achieve 5–8 complex robotic cases/week
- Publish institutional outcomes data
- Develop regional referral partnerships
- Explore adjacent robotic cardiovascular opportunities
- Position program nationally

# Conclusions: THE OPPORTUNITY

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- ◆ Robotic EP addresses the most challenging clinical cases in arrhythmia care
- ◆ Complex referral drives measurable revenue & volume growth
- ◆ Healthcare systems investing now will define the regional EP landscape for a decade
- ◆ The technology is mature — the question is strategic will and execution